



## AROUND THE SOLAR SYSTEM Pag.8-9 libro



CELESTIAL BODIES

The objects wich I can see in the sky

•Stars — Sun •Planets — Earth



PLANETARY SYSTEM
The Sun and its 8 planets

The Sun and its 8 planets are called **Solar System** 

- 1. Mercury
- 2. Venus
- 3. Earth
- 4. Mars
- 5. Jupiter
- 6. Saturns
- 7. Uranus
- 8. Neptune

# **EARTH SPINS**Pág.10–11 libro

Earth's rotation

•Earth spins on its axis, this movement is called **rotation** 



Day and night

•Earth takes 24 hours to completely spin around its axis

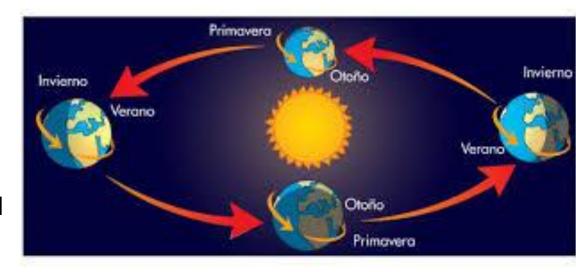
•Day: the Sun´s rays reach the planet

•Night: the Sun's rays don't reach the planet

### EARTH ORBITS Pág.11 libro

# Earth's revolution

- •It is the earth's movement around the Sun.
- •It takes 365 days to orbit all the way around the sun
- •In other words, it takes one year to be completed.





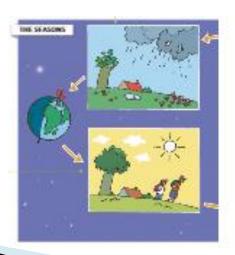
This movement around the Sun produces the seasons: spring, summer, autumn and winter.

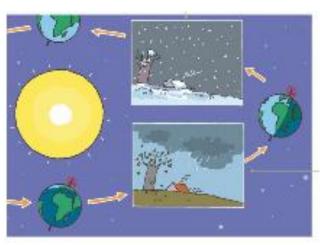
•Spring: It is warmer and the days get longer

•Summer: it is very hot

•Winter: it is colder and the days are short

•Autumn: it starts to get colder





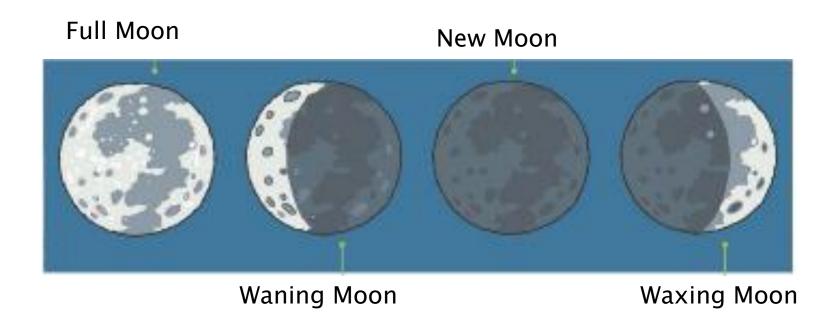
# THE MOON Pag.14-15

- •The **moon** is Earth's satellite.
- •The moon is a non luminous body. Only bright because the Sun is shining on it.
- •A sattellite is a spherical celestial body that orbits around a planet.



### The phases of the moon

Depending on the Moon's position we can see all of it or none of it. These are called the phases of the Moon.



#### WE ARE PART OF THE UNIVERSE

Most astronomers believe the universe began in the Big Bang which was a big explosion.

#### The universe

•Is made up of all the celestial bodies that exist: planets, satellites, asteroids, stars,...

### Our galaxi: the Milky Way

- A galaxy is a group of stars and planetary systems.
- •Our galaxy is called The Milky way

### How scientistic study the universe

To see celestial bodies in more detail, astronomer use



- SPACE TELESCOPE
- •LAND TELESCOPE